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| Word Class: Nouns |  | Word Class: |  |
| Proper Nouns – names of a person, place or thing(always starts with a capital letter) | e.g. John, Warsop, SeptemberJohn lives in Warsop. | Adjective – describes a noun | e.g. blue, small, gentleThe white snow blanketed the floor. |
| Concrete Nouns – things you experience through you five sense | e.g. table, pencil, chocolate, musicPut the pencil down please.  | Verb – an action (doing), state (being) or occurrence | e.g. run, was, workThe sun is hot.I play in the garden.  |
| Abstract Nouns – ideas, emotions and concepts (you can’t touch them) | e.g. truth, justice, anger, loveI feel hope for the future. | Adverb – modifies the meaning of a verb, noun or other adverbExpresses manner, place, time or degree | e.g. slowly, regularly, soonI liked the cuddly rabbit best. |
| Collective Nouns – refers to a group of individuals | e.g. herd, class, packA gaggle of geese were at the pond.  |  |  |
| Pronouns – replaces a proper or common noun | e.g. he, she, they, itJohn had a bookmark; he used it in his book.  |  |  |
| Word Class: Determiners |  | Word Class: |  |
| Article – tells us the definite or indefinite | e.g. a/an, theThe tree is beautiful in autumn.  | Prepositions – show the relationship between the noun or pronoun and other words in a sentence. They descried, for example, the position of something, the time when something happens, or the way in which something is done.  | e.g. after, in, withHe moved here after the war. |
| Quantifier – indicates quantity | e.g. few, many, some, twoLots of fun was had at the party. | Co-ordinating conjunction – a conjunction place between words, phrases, clauses, or sentences of equal importance (main clause). | e.g. for, and, nor, but, or, yet, soI like chocolate, but I don’t like sweets.  |
| Possessive – indicates who it belongs to | e.g. mine, its, hisThat is her coat. | Subordinating conjunction – a conjunction that introduces a subordinate clause.  | e.g. while, since, althoughI went to bed early because I was tired. |
| Demonstrative – points to something specific | e.g. this, that, thoseThese computers are for sale. |  |  |

Birklands Primary School – Knowledge Organiser: Word Classes